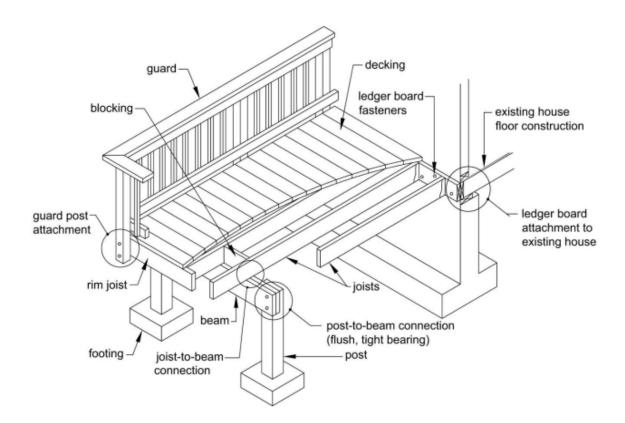
ROSS TOWNSHIP RESIDENTIAL DECK GUIDE

This is to be used as prescriptive reference to design and build Residential Decks compliant to the **2018 International Residential Code** enforced by Ross Township.





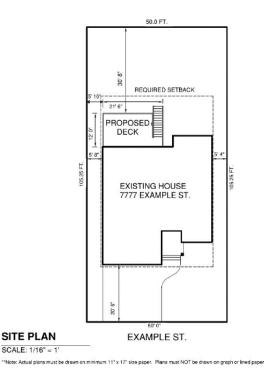
Dial 8-1-1 Before You Dig.

PA Law Requires 3 Business Days Notice 1-800-242-1776 www.paonecall.org

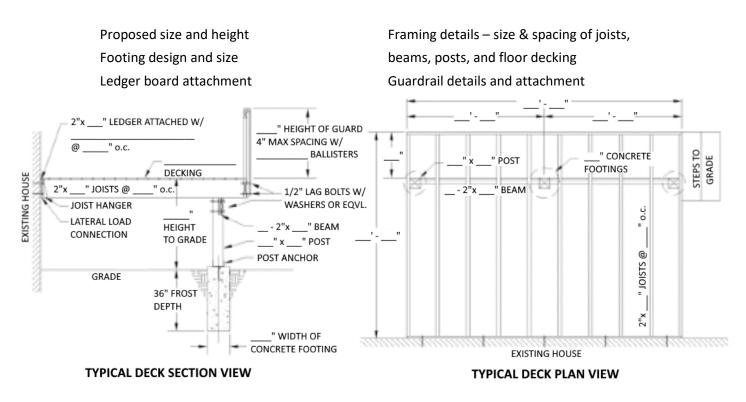


REQUIRED DOCUMENTS FOR PERMIT APPLICATION & REVIEW

1. A Site Plan (Site Survey) is required to for zoning requirements.



2. Construction Drawings are required for building code requirements.



3. General Contractor's Information **AND** Certificate of Insurance w/ Workers' Compensation or notarized Affidavit of Exemption

R507.2.1 Wood Materials

Wood materials shall be No. 2 grade or better lumber, preservative-treated in accordance with Section R317, or approved, naturally durable lumber, and termite protected where required in accordance with Section R318. Where design in accordance with Section R301 is provided, wood structural members shall be designed using the wet service factor defined in AWC NDS. Cuts, notches and drilled holes of preservative-treated wood members shall be treated in accordance with Section R317.1.1. All preservative-treated wood products in contact with the ground shall be labeled for such usage.

ITEM	MATERIAL	MINIMUM FINISH/COATING	ALTERNATE FINISH / COATING [®]
Nails and timber rivets	In accordance with ASTM F1667	Hot-dipped galvanized per ASTM A153	Stainless steel, silicon bronze or copper
Bolts ^c Lag screws ^d (including nuts and washers)	In accordance with ASTM A307 (bolts), ASTM A563 (nuts), ASTM F844 (washers)	Hot-dipped galvanized per ASTM A153, Class C (Class D for ³ / ₈ -inch diameter and less) or mechanically galvanized per ASTM B695, Class 55 or 410 stainless steel	Stainless steel, silicon bronze or copper
Metal connectors	Per manufacturer's specification	ASTM A653 type G185 zinc coated galvanized steel or post hot-dipped galvanized per ASTM A123 providing a minimum average coating weight of 2.0 oz./ft ² (total both sides)	Stainless steel

TABLE R507.2.3 FASTENER AND CONNECTOR SPECIFICATIONS FOR DECKS^{a, b}

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 foot = 304.8 mm.

- a. Equivalent materials, coatings and finishes shall be permitted.
- b. Fasteners and connectors exposed to salt water or located within 300 feet of a salt water shoreline shall be stainless steel.
- c. Holes for bolts shall be drilled a minimum $1/_{32}$ inch and a maximum $1/_{16}$ inch larger than the bolt.
- d. Lag screws ¹/₂ inch and larger shall be predrilled to avoid wood splitting per the National Design Specification (NDS) for Wood Construction.
- e. Stainless-steel-driven fasteners shall be in accordance with ASTM F1667.

R507.2.4 Flashing

Flashing shall be corrosion-resistant metal of nominal thickness not less than 0.019 inch (0.48 mm) or approved nonmetallic material that is compatible with the substrate of the structure and the decking materials.

R507.3 Footings

Decks shall be supported on concrete footings or other approved structural systems designed to accommodate all loads in accordance with Section R301. Deck footings shall be sized to carry the imposed loads from the deck structure to the ground as shown in Figure R507.3. The footing depth shall be in accordance with Section R403.1.4.

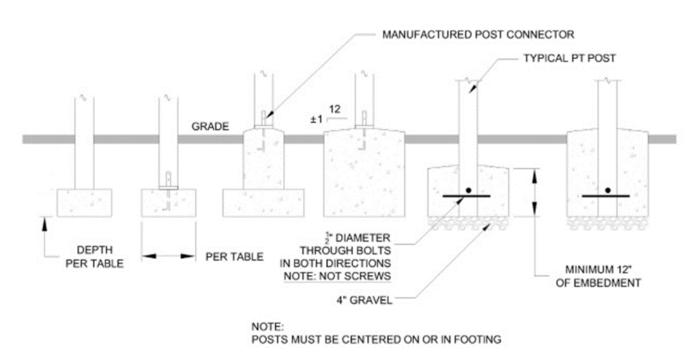


FIGURE R507.3 - DECK POSTS TO DECK FOOTING CONNECTION

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm.

R507.3.2 Minimum Depth – 36" (ROSS TOWNSHIP)

Deck footings shall extend below the frost line specified in Table R301.2(1) in accordance with Section R403.1.4.1.

R507.3.1 Minimum Size

The minimum size of concrete footings shall be in accordance with Table R507.3.1, based on the tributary area and allowable soil-bearing pressure in accordance with Table R401.4.1.

		LOAD BEARING VALUE OF SOILS ^{a, c, d} (psf)												
LIVE OR GROUN D	TRIBUTAR		1500 ^e			2000 ^e			2500°			≥ 3000e		
SNOW LOAD ^b (psf)	SNOW AREA LOAD ^b (sq. ft.)	Side of a square footing (inches)	Diameter of a round footing (inches)	Thicknes s (inches)	Side of a square footing (inches)	Diameter of a round footing (inches)	Thicknes s (inches)	Side of a square footing (inches)	Diameter of a round footing (inches)	Thicknes s (inches)	Side of a square footing (inches)	Diameter of a round footing (inches)	Thicknes s (inches)	
	20	12	14	6	12	14	6	12	14	6	12	14	6	
	40	15	17	6	13	15	6	12	14	6	12	14	6	
	60	19	21	6	16	18	6	14	16	6	13	15	6	
50	80	21	24	8	19	21	6	17	19	6	15	17	6	
50	100	24	27	9	21	23	7	19	21	6	17	19	6	
	120	26	30	10	23	26	8	20	23	7	19	21	6	
	140	28	32	11	25	28	9	22	25	8	20	23	7	
	160	30	34	12	26	30	10	24	27	9	21	24	8	

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 square foot = 0.0929 m^2 , 1 pound per square foot = 0.0479 kPa.

- a. Interpolation permitted, extrapolation not permitted.
- b. Based on highest load case: Dead + Live or Dead + Snow.
- c. Assumes minimum square footing to be 12 inches x 12 inches x 6 inches for 6 x 6 post.

d. If the support is a brick or CMU pier, the footing shall have a minimum 2-inch projection on all sides.

e. Area, in square feet, of deck surface supported by post and footings.

R507.4 Deck Posts

For single-level wood-framed decks with beams sized in accordance with Table R507.5, deck post size shall be in accordance with Table R507.4.

DECK POST HEIGHT ^a						
DECK POST SIZE	MAXIMUM HEIGHT ^{a, b} (feet-inches)					
4 × 4	6-9 ^c					
4 × 6	8					
6 × 6	14					
8 × 8	14					

TABLE R507.4

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 foot = 304.8 mm, 1 pound per square foot = 0.0479 kPa.

- a. Measured to the underside of the beam.
- b. Based on 40 psf live load.
- c. The maximum permitted height is 8 feet for one-ply and two-ply beams. The maximum permitted height for three-ply beams on post cap is 6 feet 9 inches.

R507.4.1 Deck Post to Deck Footing Connection

Where posts bear on concrete footings in accordance with Section R403 and Figure R507.4.1, lateral restraint shall be provided by manufactured connectors or a minimum post embedment of 12 inches (305 mm) in surrounding soils or concrete piers. Other footing systems shall be permitted.

Exception: Where expansive, compressible, shifting or other questionable soils are present, surrounding soils shall not be relied on for lateral support.

R507.5 Deck Beams

Maximum allowable spans for wood deck beams, as shown in Figure R507.5, shall be in accordance with Table R507.5. Beam plies shall be fastened with two rows of 10d (3-inch × 0.128-inch) nails minimum at 16 inches (406 mm) on center along each edge. Beams shall be permitted to cantilever at each end up to one-fourth of the allowable beam span. Deck beams of other materials shall be permitted where designed in accordance with accepted engineering practices.

R507.5.1 Deck Beam Bearing

The ends of beams shall have not less than $1^{1}/_{2}$ inches (38 mm) of bearing on wood or metal and not less than 3 inches (76 mm) of bearing on concrete or masonry for the entire width of the beam. Where multiple-span beams bear on intermediate posts, each ply must have full bearing on the post in accordance with Figures R507.5.1(1) and R507.5.1(2).

SPECIES	SIZEd	DECK JOIST SPAN LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO: (feet)							
		6	8	10	12	14	16	18	
	1 — 2 × 6	4-11	4-0	3-7	3-3	3-0	2-10	2-8	
	$1 - 2 \times 8$	5-11	5-1	4-7	4-2	2-10	3-7	3-5	
	$1 - 2 \times 10$	7-0	6-0	5-5	4-11	4-7	4-3	4-0	
	$1 - 2 \times 12$	8-3	7-1	6-4	5-10	5-5	5-0	4-9	
	2 — 2 × 6	6-11	5-11	5-4	4-10	4-6	4-3	4-0	
Couthorn ning	2 — 2 × 8	8-9	7-7	6-9	6-2	5-9	5-4	5-0	
Southern pine	2 — 2 × 10	10-4	9-0	8-0	7-4	6-9	6-4	6-0	
	2 — 2 × 12	12-2	10-7	9-5	8-7	8-0	7-6	7-0	
	3 — 2 × 6	8-2	7-5	6-8	6-1	5-8	5-3	5-0	
	3 — 2 × 8	10-10	9-6	8-6	7-9	7-2	6-8	6-4	
	3 — 2 × 10	13-0	11-3	10-0	9-2	8-6	7-11	7-6	
	3 — 2 × 12	15-3	13-3	11-10	10-9	10-0	9-4	8-10	

TABLE R507.5 DECK BEAM SPAN LENGTHS^{a, b, g} (feet - inches)

	3 × 6 or 2 — 2 x 6	5-5	4-8	4-2	3-10	3-6	3-1	2-9
	3 × 8 or 2 — 2 × 8	6-10	5-11	5-4	4-10	4-6	4-1	3-8
	3 × 10 or 2 — 2 × 10	8-4	7-3	6-6	5-11	5-6	5-1	4-8
	3 × 12 or 2 — 2 × 12	9-8	8-5	7-6	6-10	6-4	5-11	5-7
Douglas fir-larch ^e , hem-fir ^e ,	4 × 6	6-5	5-6	4-11	4-6	4-2	3-11	3-8
spruce-pine-fir ^e ,	4 × 8	8-5	7-3	6-6	5-11	5-6	5-2	4-10
redwood, western cedars,	4 × 10	9-11	8-7	7-8	7-0	6-6	6-1	5-8
ponderosa pine ^f , red pine ^f	4 × 12	11-5	9-11	8-10	8-1	7-6	7-0	6-7
	3 — 2 × 6	7-4	6-8	6-0	5-6	5-1	4-9	4-6
	3 — 2 × 8	9-8	8-6	7-7	6-11	6-5	6-0	5-8
	3 — 2 × 10	12-0	10-5	9-4	8-6	7-10	7-4	6-11
	3 — 2 × 12	13-11	12-1	10-9	9-10	9-1	8-6	8-1

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 foot = 304.8 mm, 1 pound per square foot = 0.0479 kPa, 1 pound = 0.454 kg.

- a. Ground snow load, live load = 40 psf, dead load = 10 psf, L/Δ = 360 at main span, L/Δ = 180 at cantilever with a 220-pound point load applied at the end.
- b. Beams supporting deck joists from one side only.
- c. No. 2 grade, wet service factor.
- d. Beam depth shall be greater than or equal to depth of joists with a flush beam condition.
- e. Includes incising factor.
- f. Northern species. Incising factor not included.
- g. Beam cantilevers are limited to the adjacent beam's span divided by 4.

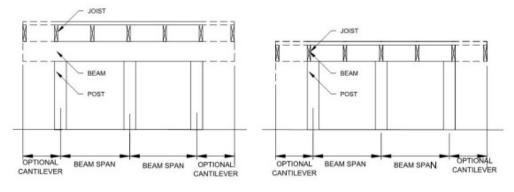
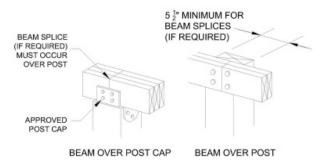


FIGURE R507.5 TYPICAL DECK JOIST SPANS

FIGURE R507.5.1(1) DECK BEAM TO DECK POST



For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm.

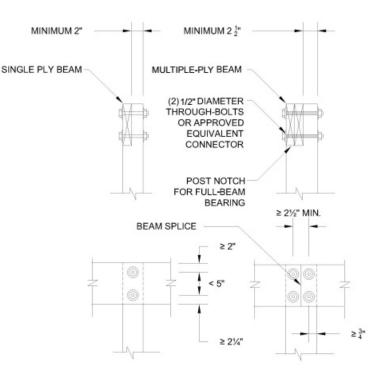
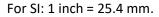


FIGURE R507.5.1(2) NOTCHED POST-TO-BEAM CONNECTION



R507.5.2 Deck Beam Connection to Supports

Deck beams shall be attached to supports in a manner capable of transferring vertical loads and resisting horizontal displacement. Deck beam connections to wood posts shall be in accordance with Figures R507.5.1(1) and R507.5.1(2). Manufactured post-to-beam connectors shall be sized for the post and beam sizes. Bolts shall have washers under the head and nut.

R507.6 Deck Joists

Maximum allowable spans for wood deck joists, as shown in Figure R507.6, shall be in accordance with Table R507.6. The maximum joist spacing shall be limited by the decking materials in accordance with Table R507.7. The maximum joist cantilever shall be limited to one-fourth of the joist span or the maximum cantilever length specified in Table R507.6, whichever is less.

FIGURE R507.6 TYPICAL DECK JOIST SPANS

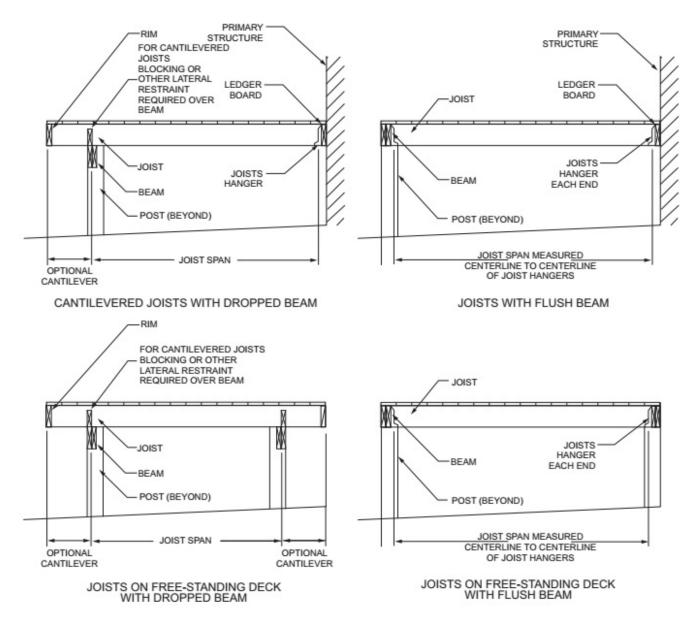


TABLE R507.6 DECK JOIST SPANS FOR COMMON LUMBER SPECIES (ft. - in.)

		ALLO	WABLE JOIST	ſ SPAN [♭]	MAXIMUM CANTILEVER ^{c, f} SPACING OF DECK JOISTS WITH CANTILEVERS ^c (inches)			
SPECIES ^a	SIZE	SPAC	ING OF DECK (inches)	JOISTS				
		12	16	24	12	16	24	
	2 × 6	9-11	9-0	7-7	1-3	1-4	1-6	
Couthorn nine	2 × 8	13-1	11-10	9-8	2-1	2-3	2-5	
Southern pine	2 × 10	16-2	14-0	11-5	3-4	3-6	2-10	
	2 × 12	18-0	16-6	13-6	4-6	4-2	3-4	
	2 × 6	9-6	8-8	7-2	1-2	1-3	1-5	
Douglas fir-larch ^d ,	2 × 8	12-6	11-1	9-1	1-11	2-1	2-3	
hem-fir ^d , spruce-pine-fir ^d	2 × 10	15-8	13-7	11-1	3-1	3-5	2-9	
	2 × 12	18-0	15-9	12-10	4-6	3-11	3-3	
	2 × 6	8-10	8-0	7-0	1-0	1-1	1-2	
Redwood, western cedars, ponderosa pine ^e , red pine ^e	2 × 8	11-8	10-7	8-8	1-8	1-10	2-0	
	2 × 10	14-11	13-0	10-7	2-8	2-10	2-8	
	2 × 12	17-5	15-1	12-4	3-10	3-9	3-1	

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 foot = 304.8 mm, 1 pound per square foot = 0.0479 kPa, 1 pound = 0.454 kg.

- a. No. 2 grade with wet service factor.
- b. Ground snow load, live load = 40 psf, dead load = 10 psf, L/Δ = 360.
- c. Ground snow load, live load = 40 psf, dead load = 10 psf, L/Δ = 360 at main span, L/Δ = 180 at cantilever with a 220-pound point load applied to end.
- d. Includes incising factor.
- e. Northern species with no incising factor.
- f. Cantilevered spans not exceeding the nominal depth of the joist are permitted.

R507.6.1 Deck Joist Bearing

The ends of joists shall have not less than 11/2 inches (38 mm) of bearing on wood or metal and not less than 3 inches (76 mm) of bearing on concrete or masonry over its entire width. Joists bearing on top of a multiple-ply beam or ledger shall be fastened in accordance with Table R602.3(1). Joists bearing on top of a single-ply beam or ledger shall be attached by a mechanical connector. Joist framing into the side of a beam or ledger board shall be supported by approved joist hangers.

R507.6.2 Deck Joist Lateral Restraint

Joist ends and bearing locations shall be provided with lateral resistance to prevent rotation. Where lateral restraint is provided by joist hangers or blocking between joists, their depth shall equal not less than 60 percent of the joist depth. Where lateral restraint is provided by rim joists, they shall be secured to the end of each joist with not fewer than three 10d (3-inch by 0.128-inch) (76 mm by 3.3 mm) nails or three No. 10 x 3-inch (76 mm) long wood screws.

R507.7 Decking

Maximum allowable spacing for joists supporting decking shall be in accordance with Table R507.7. Wood decking shall be attached to each supporting member with not less than two 8d threaded nails or two No. 8 wood screws. Other approved decking or fastener systems shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's installation requirements.

DECKING MATERIAL TYPE AND NOMINAL	MAXIMUM ON-CENTER JOIST SPACING					
SIZE	Decking perpendicular to joist	Decking diagonal to joist ^a				
1 ¹ / ₄ -inch-thick wood	16 inches	12 inches				
2-inch-thick wood	24 inches	16 inches				
Plastic composite	In accordance with Section R507.2	In accordance with Section R507.2				

TABLE R507.7 MAXIMUM JOIST SPACING FOR DECKING

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 foot = 304.8 mm, 1 degree = 0.01745 rad.

a. Maximum angle of 45 degrees from perpendicular for wood deck boards.

R507.8 Vertical and Lateral Supports

Where supported by attachment to an exterior wall, decks shall be positively anchored to the primary structure and designed for both vertical and lateral loads. Such attachment shall not be accomplished by the use of toenails or nails subject to withdrawal. For decks with cantilevered framing members, connection to exterior walls or other framing members shall be designed and constructed to resist uplift resulting from the full live load specified in Table R301.5 acting on the cantilevered portion of the deck. Where positive connection to the primary building structure cannot be verified during inspection, decks shall be self-supporting.

R507.9 Vertical and Lateral Supports at Band Joist

Vertical and lateral supports for decks shall comply with this section.

R507.9.1 Vertical Supports

Vertical loads shall be transferred to band joists with ledgers in accordance with this section.

R507.9.1.1 Ledger Details

Deck ledgers shall be a minimum 2-inch by 8-inch (51 mm by 203 mm) nominal, pressure-preservative-treated Southern pine, incised pressure-preservative-treated hem-fir, or approved, naturally durable, No. 2 grade or better lumber. Deck ledgers shall not support concentrated loads from beams or girders. Deck ledgers shall not be supported on stone or masonry veneer.

R507.9.1.2 Band Joist Details

Band joists supporting a ledger shall be a minimum 2-inch-nominal (51 mm), solid-sawn, spruce-pine-fir or better lumber or a minimum 1-inch by 91/2-inch (25 mm × 241 mm) dimensional, Douglas fir or better, laminated veneer lumber. Band joists shall bear fully on the primary structure capable of supporting all required loads.

R507.9.1.3 Ledger to Band Joist Details

Fasteners used in deck ledger connections in accordance with Table R507.9.1.3(1) shall be hot-dipped galvanized or stainless steel and shall be installed in accordance with Table R507.9.1.3(2) and Figures R507.9.1.3(1) and R507.9.1.3(2).

TABLE R507.9.1.3(1)

DECK LEDGER CONNECTION TO BAND JOIST^{a, b}(Deck live load = 40 psf, deck dead load = 10 psf, snow load ≤ 40 psf)

	JOIST SPAN									
CONNECTION DETAILS	6' and less	6'1" to 8'	8'1" to 10'	10'1" to 12'	12'1" to 14'	14'1" to 16'	16'1" to 18'			
	On-center spacing of fasteners									
$^{1}/_{2}$ -inch diameter lag screw with $^{1}/_{2}$ -inch maximum sheathing ^{c, d}	30	23	18	15	13	11	10			
¹ / ₂ -inch diameter bolt with ¹ / ₂ -inch maximum sheathing ^d	36	36	34	29	24	21	19			
¹ / ₂ -inch diameter bolt with 1-inch maximum sheathing ^e	36	36	29	24	21	18	16			

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 foot = 304.8 mm, 1 pound per square foot = 0.0479 kPa.

- a. Ledgers shall be flashed in accordance with Section R703.4 to prevent water from contacting the house band joist.
- b. Snow load shall not be assumed to act concurrently with live load.
- c. The tip of the lag screw shall fully extend beyond the inside face of the band joist.
- d. Sheathing shall be wood structural panel or solid sawn lumber.
- e. Sheathing shall be permitted to be wood structural panel, gypsum board, fiberboard, lumber or foam sheathing. Up to 1/2-inch thickness of stacked washers shall be permitted to substitute for up to 1/2 inch of allowable sheathing thickness where combined with wood structural panel or lumber sheathing.

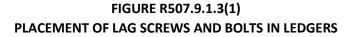
TABLE R507.9.1.3(2)

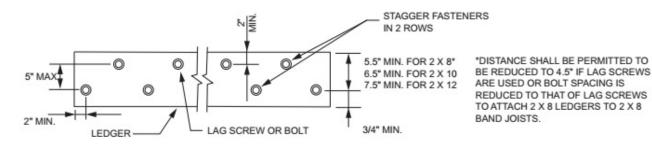
PLACEMENT OF LAG SCREWS AND BOLTS IN DECK LEDGERS AND BAND JOISTS

MINIMUM END AND EDGE DISTANCES AND SPACING BETWEEN ROWS								
	TOP EDGE BOTTOM EDGE ENDS ROW S							
Ledger ^a	2 inches ^d	³ / ₄ inch	2 inches ^b	1 ⁵ / ₈ inches ^b				
Band Joist ^c	³ / ₄ inch	2 inches	2 inches ^b	1 ⁵ / ₈ inches ^b				

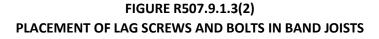
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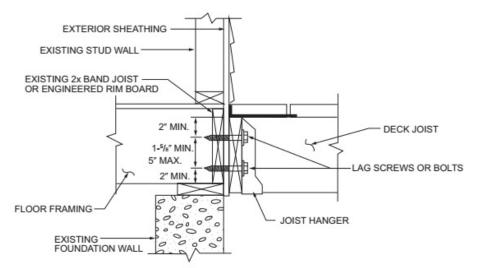
- a. Lag screws or bolts shall be staggered from the top to the bottom along the horizontal run of the deck ledger in accordance with Figure R507.9.1.3(1).
- b. Maximum 5 inches.
- c. For engineered rim joists, the manufacturer's recommendations shall govern.
- d. The minimum distance from bottom row of lag screws or bolts to the top edge of the ledger shall be in accordance with Figure R507.9.1.3(1).



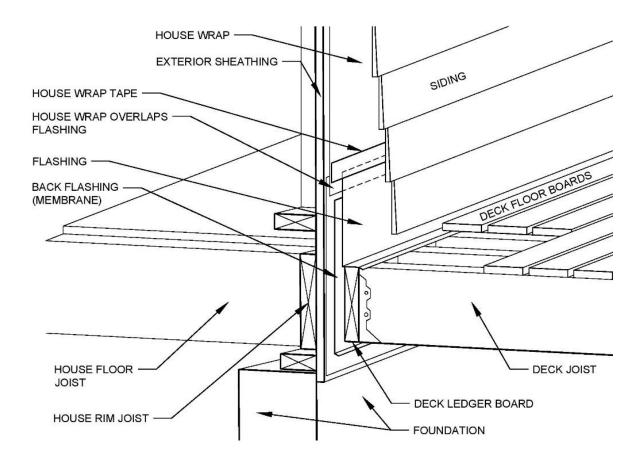


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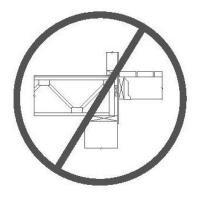




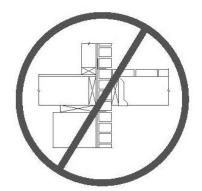
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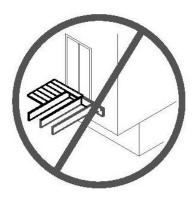
PROHIBITED LEDGER ATTACHMENTS



Attachment to Open Web Trusses



Attachment to Brick, Masonry or Stone Veneers



Attachment to House Overhang or Chimney

R507.9.1.4 Alternate Ledger Details

Alternate framing configurations supporting a ledger constructed to meet the load requirements of Section R301.5 shall be permitted.

R507.9.2 Lateral Connection

Lateral loads shall be transferred to the ground or to a structure capable of transmitting them to the ground. Where the lateral load connection is provided in accordance with Figure R507.9.2(1), hold-down tension devices shall be installed in not less than two locations per deck, within 24 inches (610 mm) of each end of the deck. Each device shall have an allowable stress design capacity of not less than 1,500 pounds (6672 N). Where the lateral load connections are provided in accordance with Figure R507.9.2(2), the hold-down tension devices shall be installed in not less than four locations per deck, and each device shall have an allowable stress design capacity of not less than four

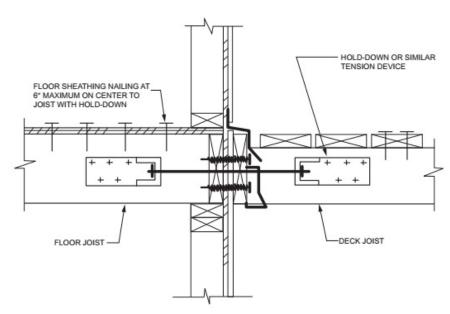
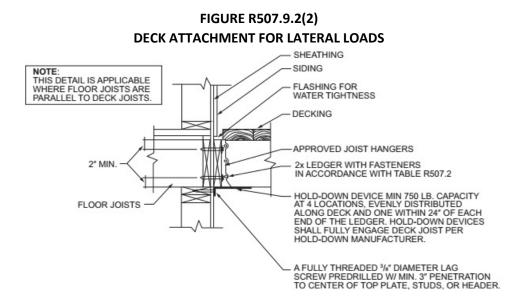
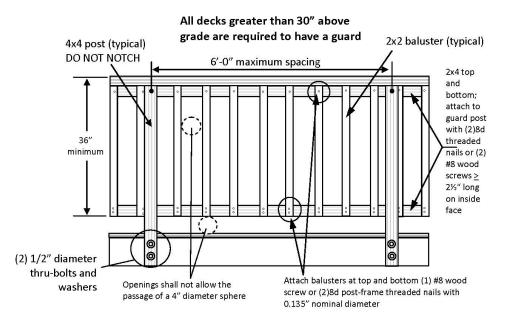


FIGURE R507.9.2(1) DECK ATTACHMENT FOR LATERAL LOADS

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm.





R312.1 Guards

Guards shall be provided in accordance with Sections R312.1.1 through R312.1.4.

R312.1.1 Where Required

Guards shall be provided for those portions of open-sided walking surfaces, including stairs, ramps and landings, that are located more than 30 inches (762 mm) measured vertically to the floor or grade below at any point within 36 inches (914 mm) horizontally to the edge of the open side. Insect screening shall not be considered as a guard.

R312.1.2 Height

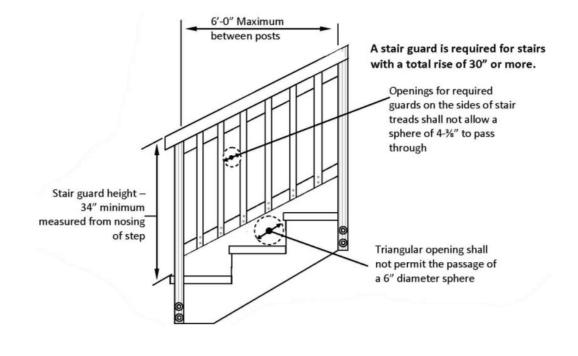
Required guards at open-sided walking surfaces, including stairs, porches, balconies or landings, shall be not less than 36 inches (914 mm) in height as measured vertically above the adjacent walking surface or the line connecting the nosings.

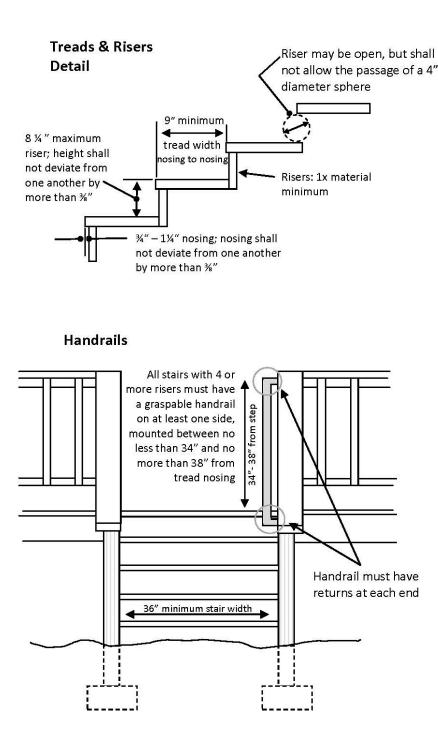
R312.1.3 Opening Limitations

Required guards shall not have openings from the walking surface to the required guard height that allow passage of a sphere 4 inches (102 mm) in diameter.

Exceptions:

- 1. The triangular openings at the open side of stair, formed by the riser, tread and bottom rail of a guard, shall not allow passage of a sphere 6 inches (153 mm) in diameter.
- 2. Guards on the open side of stairs shall not have openings that allow passage of a sphere 43/8 inches (111 mm) in diameter.





PA UCC 403.21 (7)(ii)

(A) The maximum riser height is 8¼ inches. There may be no more than a 3/8 inch variation in riser height within a flight of stairs. The riser height is to be measured vertically between leading edges of the adjacent treads.

(B) The minimum tread depth is 9 inches measured from tread nosing to tread nosing.

(C) The greatest tread depth within any flight of stairs may not exceed the smallest by more than 3/8 inch.

(D)Treads may have a uniform projection of not more than $1\frac{1}{2}$ inches when solid risers are used.

(E) Stairways may not be less than 3 feet in clear width and clear headroom of 6 feet 8 inches shall be maintained for the entire run of the stair.

(F) Handrails may project from each side of a stairway a distance of $3\frac{1}{2}$ inches into the required width of the stair.

R311.7.8.4 Continuity

Handrails shall be continuous for the full length of the flight, from a point directly above the top riser of the flight to a point directly above the lowest riser of the flight. Handrail ends shall be returned or shall terminate in newel posts or safety terminals.

Exceptions:

- 1. Handrail continuity shall be permitted to be interrupted by a newel post at a turn in a flight with winders, at a landing, or over the lowest tread.
- 2. A volute, turnout or starting easing shall be allowed to terminate over the lowest tread.

R311.7.8.5 Grip Size

Required handrails shall be of one of the following types or provide equivalent graspability.

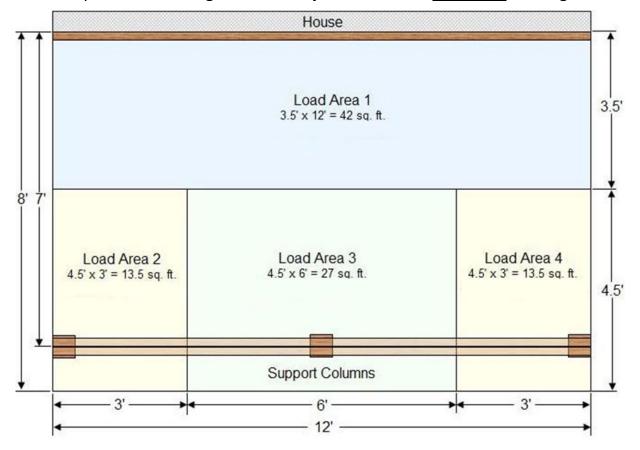
- Type I. Handrails with a circular cross section shall have an outside diameter of not less than 11/4 inches (32 mm) and not greater than 2 inches (51 mm). If the handrail is not circular, it shall have a perimeter of not less than 4 inches (102 mm) and not greater than 61/4 inches (160 mm) and a cross section of not more than 21/4 inches (57 mm). Edges shall have a radius of not less than 0.01 inch (0.25 mm).
- 2. Type II. Handrails with a perimeter greater than 61/4 inches (160 mm) shall have a graspable finger recess area on both sides of the profile. The finger recess shall begin within 3/4 inch (19 mm) measured vertically from the tallest portion of the profile and have a depth of not less than 5/16 inch (8 mm) within 7/8 inch (22 mm) below the widest portion of the profile. This required depth shall continue for not less than 3/8 inch (10 mm) to a level that is not less than 13/4 inches (45 mm) below the tallest portion of the profile. The width of the handrail above the recess shall be not less than 11/4 inches (32 mm) and not more than 23/4 inches (70 mm). Edges shall have a radius of not less than 0.01 inch (0.25 mm).

R303.8 Exterior Stairway Illumination

Exterior stairways shall be provided with an artificial light source located at the top landing of the stairway. Exterior stairways providing access to a basement from the outdoor grade level shall be provided with an artificial light source located at the bottom landing of the stairway.

E3901.7 Outdoor Outlets

Balconies, decks, and porches that are accessible from inside of the dwelling unit shall have at least one receptacle outlet accessible from the balcony, deck, or porch.



Example of Calculating the Tributary Load Area for Minimum Footing Size

INSPECTION PROCEDURES

- ✓ **DO NOT** schedule an inspection if the work is not ready for inspection.
- ✓ **Building Permit Placard** <u>must</u> be posted on job site.
- ✓ Failure to comply with inspection requirements may result in a Stop Work notice or the Township may withhold issuance of the Certificate of Occupancy.
- ✓ Deviation from Approved Construction Documents may require Revised Plans / As-Builts.
- Non-compliant prescriptive methods / materials during construction will require a Design Professional to Stamp & Sign (revised) Construction Documents.

EMAIL / TXT INSPECTION REQUEST to INSPECTIONS@ROSS.PA.US

YOUR MESSAGE MUST INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING:

- 1. PERMIT # & ADDRESS (TENANT SPACE)
- **2. INSPECTION TYPE:** (i.e.: Footing, Framing, etc...)
- 3. REQUESTED DATE & (AM or PM)
 - FOOTING <u>ONLY</u> (specify requesting time)

ALLOW <u>48 HOURS</u> NOTICE.

INSPECTIONS RECEIVED <u>AFTER 3PM</u> (END OF BUSINESS) WILL BE ACCEPTED AS <u>NEXT</u> BUSINESS DAY.

You will be notified regarding the scheduling of your inspection.

Electrical Inspections - Contact Directly

Code.sys Code Consulting, Inc.: 412-821-0337 x32 (ELECTRICAL), David Michel

Email a copy of any Engineering Reports to both the Inspector & Building Code Official.

REQUIRED INSPECTIONS

- □ FOOTING (prior to concrete)
- □ ROUGH-IN ELECTRICAL
- □ FRAMING
- □ FINAL ELECRICAL
- □ FINAL BUILDING